



Prepared by the Defense Mapping Agency Topographic Center, Washington, D. C. Compiled in 1956 by photogrammetric methods from aerial photographs taken 1953. Photographs field annotated 1954. Revised by the U. S. Geological Survey from aerial photographs taken 1974. Map edited 1977.

Areas covered by dashed light-blue pattern are subject to controlled inundation.

100,000-foot grid based on Montana coordinate system, central and north zones.

Location of geodetic control established by government agencies is shown on corresponding 1:250,000-scale Geodetic Control Diagram.

**LEGEND**

Figures in red denote approximate distances in miles between stars.

**POPULATED PLACES**

Over 500,000  
100,000 to 500,000  
25,000 to 100,000  
5,000 to 25,000  
1,000 to 5,000  
Less than 1,000

**RAILROADS**

Standard gauge  
Narrow gauge  
Landplane airport  
Spot elevation in feet  
Marsh or swamp  
Intermittent or dry stream  
Power line

**ROADS**

Primary, all-weather, hard surface  
Secondary, all-weather, hard or improved surface  
Fair or dry weather, unimproved surface  
Trail  
Interchange

**BOUNDARIES**

International  
State  
County  
Park or reservation

**Landmarks: School, Church, Other**

**Spot elevation in feet**

**Marsh or swamp**

**Intermittent or dry stream**

**Power line**

Scale 1:250,000

0 5 10 15 20 25 30 Statute Miles

0 5 10 15 20 25 30 Nautical Miles

**CONTOUR INTERVAL 100 FEET**

**TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION**

BLACK NUMBERED LINES INDICATE THE 10,000 METER UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID, ZONE 12

1977 MAGNETIC DECLINATION FROM TRUE NORTH VARIES FROM 17°15' (30 MILES WEST) TO 16°15' (30 MILES EAST) FOR THE CENTER OF THE WEST EDGE TO 16°15' (30 MILES WEST) TO 16°15' (30 MILES EAST) FOR THE CENTER OF THE EAST EDGE

FOR SALE BY U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO 80225, OR RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092

**LOCATION DIAGRAM**

ALBERTA	SASKATCHEWAN
114°	104°
112°	102°
110°	100°
108°	98°
106°	96°
104°	94°
102°	92°
100°	90°
98°	88°
96°	86°
94°	84°
92°	82°
90°	80°
88°	78°
86°	76°
84°	74°
82°	72°
80°	70°
78°	68°
76°	66°
74°	64°
72°	62°
70°	60°
68°	58°
66°	56°
64°	54°
62°	52°
60°	50°
58°	48°
56°	46°
54°	44°
52°	42°
50°	40°
48°	38°
46°	36°
44°	34°
42°	32°
40°	30°
38°	28°
36°	26°
34°	24°
32°	22°
30°	20°
28°	18°
26°	16°
24°	14°
22°	12°
20°	10°
18°	8°
16°	6°
14°	4°
12°	2°
10°	0°
8°	2°
6°	4°
4°	6°
2°	8°
0°	10°
2°	12°
4°	14°
6°	16°
8°	18°
10°	20°
12°	22°
14°	24°
16°	26°
18°	28°
20°	30°
22°	32°
24°	34°
26°	36°
28°	38°
30°	40°
32°	42°
34°	44°
36°	46°
38°	48°
40°	50°
42°	52°
44°	54°
46°	56°
48°	58°
50°	60°
52°	62°
54°	64°
56°	66°
58°	68°
60°	70°
62°	72°
64°	74°
66°	76°
68°	78°
70°	80°
72°	82°
74°	84°
76°	86°
78°	88°
80°	90°
82°	92°
84°	94°
86°	96°
88°	98°
90°	100°
92°	102°
94°	104°
96°	106°
98°	108°
100°	110°
102°	112°
104°	114°

**SECTIONIZED TOWNSHIP**

6	5	4	3	2	1
7	8	9	10	11	12
18	17	16	15	14	13
19	20	21	22	23	24
30	29	28	27	26	25
31	32	33	34	35	36

**GRID ZONE DESIGNATION**

12T

100,000 M. SQUARE IDENTIFICATION

**TO GIVE A STANDARD REFERENCE ON THIS SHEET TO NEAREST 1000 METERS**

**SAMPLE POINT IDENTIFICATION**

1. Read letters identifying 100,000 meter square in which the point lies.

2. Locate first VERTICAL grid line to LEFT of point and read LARGE figure labeling the line either in the top or bottom margin, or on the line itself.

3. Estimate tenths from grid line to point: point and read LARGE figure labeling the line either in the left or right margin, or on the line itself.

4. Estimate tenths from grid line to point: if existing beyond 10 in any direction, prefix Grid Zone Designation, as:

EXAMPLE: 521000

22350